## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/21

Paper 2 (Structured Questions AS Core), maximum raw mark 60

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Q	uestion		Mark Scheme			Mark	Total
1	(a)	sub-atomic particle	relative mass	relative charge			
		neutron	1	0		[1]	
		electron	1/1836	-1		[1]	
		proton	1	+1		[1]	[3]
	(b) (i)	relative to 1/1	e mass of the isotope <u>s</u> /a 2 the mass of an atom of (exactly) 12 (units)		an	[1] [1]	
		number w	h the same number of pr ith different mass numbe nucleon number		proton	[1]	[3]
	(ii)	$(0.89 \times 74) + (9.37 \times 76)$	$(5) + (7.63 \times 77) + (23.77 \times 7)$ 100	78)+(49.61×80)+(8.73	×82)	[1]	
		= 79.04 (2 d.p.) <b>AND</b>	Se			[1]	[2]
	(c) (i)	Te C <i>l</i>					
		$\frac{47.4}{128}$ $\frac{52.6}{35.5}$				[1]	
		$\frac{0.370}{0.370}  \frac{1.48}{0.370}$					
		1 4 so	DEF = TeC4			[1]	
		E	mpirical Formula Mass	= 270 so MF = Te	eC <i>l</i> ₄	[1]	[3]
	(c) (ii) Covalent AND simple/molecular			[1]			
		low melting point/rea	ction with water			[1]	[2]
	(iii)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{TeC} \textit{l}_4 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{T}\\ \textbf{OR} \ \text{TeC} \textit{l}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \end{array}$				[1]	[1]
	(d) (i)	Yellow/orange flame White fumes/solid Yellow/green gas dis	appears			[1] [1] [1]	[max 2]

Page 3		yllabus	Рар	er
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Question	Mark Scheme		Mark	Total
(ii)	NaC <i>l</i> giant/lattice <b>AND</b> ionic SiC <i>l</i> ₄ simple/molecular <b>AND</b> covalent		[1] [1]	
	For NaCl large difference in electronegativity (of sodium/Na and chlorine/ $Cl/Cl_2$ ) (indicates electron transfer/ions)		[1]	
	For SiC <i>I</i> <sub>4</sub> smaller difference (indicates sharing/covalency) with (weak) van der Waals'/IM forces (between molecules) ora		[1]	[4]
				[20]
2 (a) (i)	Straight line drawn horizontally from same intercept		[1]	[1]
(ii)	$T_1$ because it shows greatest deviation/furthest from ideal		[1]	[1]
(iii)	reducing $T$ (reduces KE of particles) so intermolecular forces of attract become more significant	ion	[1]	[1]
(iv)	greatest deviation is at high pressure		[1]	
	increasing pressure decreases volume so volume of particles become more significant ora	S	[1]	[2]
(b)	Mass of air= $100 \times 0.00118$ = $0.118$ gMass of flask= $47.930 - 0.118$ = $47.812$ gMass of Y= $47.989 - 47.812$ = $0.177$ g		[1] [1]	
	$pV = nRT = \frac{m}{M_r} RT$			
	$M_r = \frac{mRT}{pV} = \frac{0.177 \times 8.31 \times 299}{1 \times 10^5 \times 100 \times 10^{-6}}$		[1]	
	= <b>44.0</b> (43.979 to 2 or more sf)		[1]	[4]
(c) (i)	strong <u>triple</u> bond		[1]	[1]
(ii)	high temperature (needed for reaction between $N_2$ and $O_2$ )		[1]	[1]
(iii)	$\begin{array}{l} 2\text{NO} + 2\text{CO} \rightarrow \text{N}_2 + 2\text{CO}_2 \\ \textbf{OR} \ 2\text{NO} + \text{C} \rightarrow \text{N}_2 + \text{CO}_2 \end{array}$		[1]	[1]
(iv)	$4NO_2 + 2H_2O + O_2 \rightarrow 4HNO_3$		[1]	[1]
(v)	$NO + \frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow NO_2$		[1]	
	$\begin{array}{l} NO_2 + SO_2 \rightarrow NO + SO_3 \\ \textbf{OR} \ NO_2 + SO_2 + H_2O \rightarrow NO + H2SO_4 \end{array}$		[1]	[2]
				[15]

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Question	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total
3 (a)	Bond breaking = C=O = 740 C-H = 410 = 1150 kJ	[1]	
	Bond forming = $\begin{array}{c} C-C &= 350 \\ C-O &= 360 \\ O-H &= 460 \\ \end{array} = 1170  kJ$	[1]	
	Enthalpy change = $1150 - 1170 = -20$ kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	[1]	[3]
(b) (i)	Stereoisomerism = (molecules with the same molecular formula and) same structural formula but different spatial arrangements of atoms	[1]	
	Chiral centre = atom with four different atoms/groups attached	[1]	[2]
(ii)	(Planar) carbonyl so (equal chance of nucleophile) attacking either side	[1]	[1]
3 (c) (i)	$M \equiv \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow}} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow}} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow}} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow}} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow}} \longrightarrow \stackrel{\Theta}{\underset{H_{0}C}{\longrightarrow} \longrightarrow $	[1]	
	$M1 = 1016 \text{ pair AND curly arrow from lone pair to carbony C}$ $M2 = \text{partial charges on C=O AND curly arrow from bond (=) to O^{\delta^{-}}$ $M3 = \text{structure of intermediate including charge}$ $M4 = \text{lone pair AND two correct curly arrows (from lone pair to H AND from H-C to C)}$	[1] [1] [1]	
	$M5 = CN^{-1}$	[1]	[5]
(ii)	(CN <sup>-</sup> regenerated so) catalyst	[1]	[1]
			[12]

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4 (		A = OH $Chain$ isomerism $B = OH$ $H$	<b>Mark</b> [1] [1] [1]	Total	
		position isomerism	[1]		
		C = OH chain isomerism OH	[1] [1] [1]		
		OR Chain OR position isomerism			
		C = OH chain isomerism OH		[7]	
(	b) (i)	but-1-ene/1-butene but-2-ene/2-butene	[1] [1]	[2]	
	(ii)	but-2-ene <b>AND</b> two different groups on each carbon (of C=C) double bond means no free rotation	[1] [1]	[2]	
	(iii)		[1+1]		
		and (either way round)		[2]	
				[13]	